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Award Number: DAMD17-00-1-0097

TITLE: Treatment Decisions in Localized Prostate Cancer:

Patient, Partner and Physician

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REPORT DATE: April 2001

TYPE OF REPORT: Annual

PREPARED FOR: U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command

Fort Detrick, Maryland 21702-5012

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT: Approved for Public Release;

Distribution Unlimited

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REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved OMB No. 074-0188

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing this collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Ariington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Burdent Respective Reduction Project (1/704-0188) Washington, DC 20503

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Fort Detrick, Maryland 21702-5	012			
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES			L,	
11.0011222				
12a. DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILIT	V STATEMENT			12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE
	lease; Distribution Unl	limited		125. 5.61561.01. 3652
13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 Wo	ords)			
"Treatment Decisions in Lo	ocalized Prostate Cancer: Par	tient, Partner and Pl	hysician," is	a project that aims to
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project is using a cross-sect	tional survey to explore the	role of the patient, p	partner and p	hysician in treatment
decisions and to examine the	ne effect of preferences, perc	eived preferences,	and actual pr	references on treatment
decisions, decision satisfac	tion and decision process. N	⁄Iany valuable steps	have been to	aken in the first year of
this grant, including the de	velopment of a pilot question	nnaire, administrati	on of the pilo	ot questionnaire,
development of the protoco	ol for the study and development	nent of patient, spor	use and phys	ician questionnaires.
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				15. NUMBER OF PAGES
14. SUBJECT TERMS				44
Prostate cancer, decis	ion making			16. PRICE CODE
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION	18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION	19. SECURITY CLASSIF	CATION	20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT
OF REPORT	OF THIS PAGE Unclassified	OF ABSTRACT Unclassif	ied	Unlimited
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Introduction

"Treatment Decisions in Localized Prostate Cancer: Patient, Partner and Physician," is a project that aims to develop and refine an innovative new model of prostate cancer decision making, that will form the foundation of a research and clinical program to understand, support and improve decision making in prostate cancer. We use a cross-sectional survey of patients, their spouses and their physicians to explore the role of the patient, partner and physician in treatment decisions, and to examine the effect of preferences, perceived preferences, and actual preferences on treatment decisions, decision satisfaction and decision process. By characterizing the role of the partner and the presence of significant misperceptions in the triad, and explicating the process of decision making under conditions of routine care, results of this project will serve as a basis for launching a research program in prostate cancer decision making. The guiding assumption of this work is that facilitation of communication and identification and resolution of misperceptions in the patient-partner-physician triad will improve patient satisfaction in decision making concerning localized prostate cancer.

Body

Task 1: Focus group discussions

We attended the bimonthly prostatectomy clinic (a session for prostate cancer patients patients to learn what to expect with their upcoming surgery to remove their prostate) at the University of Pennsylvania on two occasions to learn about the prostate cancer patients' experiences.

Task 2: Development of Survey Instruments

In early discussions about the study, we decided to switch the study instrument from phone interviews to mailed surveys. Our reasoning for this change was the expectation of a greater response rate and more honest responses to a survey than to a phone interview.

In addition to the information gathered in Task 1, numerous steps were taken to collect information for developing the survey instruments for this study.

We gathered information from an extensive literature review of existing studies of decision making in localized prostate cancer, and also from a literature review of research on decision making factors for patients with other types of cancer.

We conducted numerous discussions with several of the nurses and physicians who care for the prostate cancer patients in our sample population. These individuals interact with the patients from the time the patients are diagnosed with cancer (if not before) to the time they begin treatment. Therefore, they were able to provide us with much insight into the patients' experiences as they learn of their diagnosis, explore their treatment options, and make a treatment decision.

With this information, we developed a pilot survey (Appendix A) which was administered to prostate cancer patients attending a prostatectomy clinic (a session to learn what to expect with their upcoming surgery to remove their prostate) at the University of Pennsylvania. The purpose of this pilot survey was to learn about the process from diagnosis to treatment from the patient's perspective.

From this small-scale pilot study (involving 5 prostate cancer patients), we learned about the steps of the process the men underwent. All of the men were first told of their treatment options by the urologist who did their biopsy and they were told of these options at the same appointment during which they learned their biopsy results. Four of the 5 men had a spouse or another close family member present when they learned about their treatment options. Two of

the 5 reported that their urologist recommended that they get a radical prostatectomy, and 3 of the men report speaking to a radiation oncologist before making their treatment decision. Of the 3 men who spoke to a radiation oncologist, 1 reported that his urologist recommended doing so. Three of the 5 men reported first thinking seriously about their treatment options upon learning of their positive diagnosis of prostate cancer. The fourth man first thought seriously about his options when he went for his prostate biopsy (the diagnostic test for prostate cancer) and for the fifth, it was some time after he received his results. Two of the 5 men reported making their treatment decision on their own, and 3 reported making the decision with their spouse. Each of the men also described what they did to gather information about treatment options before making their decision.

We consolidated all of the information we gathered in the steps described above to write preliminary patient, partner and physician surveys. These preliminary surveys were sent to prostate cancer patients and their spouses for feedback and suggested revisions. Participants were asked to note any omissions from the survey and any questions that they found confusing. Before and after comments were incorporated into the survey drafts, numerous drafts of the surveys were critically reviewed by each investigator on the grant and by other individuals who have expertise in research and survey design. These revisions required numerous project group meetings. A final patient survey, partner survey, and doctor survey has now been developed (Appendix B, C and D).

Task 3: Preparation of Interim Reports and Manuscripts

The annual report is provided here.

Task 4: Cross-sectional survey

Identification and recruitment of subjects

Through numerous project meetings and extensive discussions with the physician and nurse providers of the prostate cancer patients in our sample, a system for identifying and recruiting each newly diagnosed localized prostate cancer patient was developed. At each hospital in our sample, we learned about the process that patients undergo from the point of learning their prostate cancer diagnosis to beginning treatment. With this information, we were able to develop a system at each hospital for identifying new prostate cancer patients, informing them of our study (and their option to decline participation), obtaining consent in an oral consent

interview, and having the patient, the patient's spouse and physician complete their respective surveys.

Site 1: Veteran's Affairs Medical Center (VAMC)

At the VAMC, new prostate cancer patients are identified when they arrive for their appointment to learn their prostate biopsy results. At the end of the appointment, their physician hands them a letter (Appendix E) from us informing them of the study and giving them a phone number to call if they would like to decline participation. At this point, the physician completes the study's physician survey that examines his/her interactions with that patient. One week later, we send the patient and his spouse (if applicable) a letter and consent form for both the patient and the spouse's participation in the study. After allowing for sufficient time to pass for the consent forms to arrive in the mail, we call the patient to conduct an oral consent interview with him and his spouse. When the consent interview is complete, if the patient and/or his spouse have consented to participate, we mail the patient and spouse a survey packet. If the surveys are not returned within 3 weeks, we place a follow-up call to gently remind the subjects to please return their surveys.

Site 2: Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania (HUP)

The patients of two physicians at HUP are included in this study.

Physician 1: The nurse coordinator maintains a list of names of patients with positive biopsy results. Patients are added to the list when they call the nurse coordinator and receive news of their prostate cancer diagnosis. A letter informing the patients of our study and the phone number to call to decline participation is included in a packet of information (about prostate cancer and treatment options) sent to each patient. Shortly thereafter, we send the patient and his spouse (if applicable) a letter and consent form for both the patient and the spouse's participation in the study. After allowing for sufficient time to pass for the consent forms to arrive in the mail, we call the patient to conduct an oral consent interview with him and his spouse. When the consent interview is complete, if the patient and/or his spouse have consented to participate, we mail the patient and spouse a survey packet. If the surveys are not returned within 3 weeks, we place a follow-up call to gently remind the subjects to please return their surveys.

Physician 2: The protocol for this physician was identical to that for Physician 1, with two exceptions. (1) This physician's patients were identified when patients called in to

schedule a bone scan appointment. All newly diagnosed prostate cancer patients receive at this hospital site. (2) We mailed the patient the letter informing him of our study and giving them a phone number to call to decline participation, rather than the letter being included in a packet of information already sent to the patient.

The rest of the protocol was identical to that for physician 1.

Development of data management system

A data management system was developed for both contact information and survey data for the subjects in this study. This system enables us to follow each subject through each step of the study: diagnosis, obtaining a letter informing the patient of the study and giving them the opportunity to decline participation, being sent the study consent forms in the mail, completing the oral consent interview over the phone, being sent the study survey, returning the survey, and obtaining the physician's completed survey.

Enrolling subjects

In November 2000, we began identifying and enrolling subjects in our study. To date, we have identified 43 patients at our two hospital sites combined. Two patients have been excluded because of mental disorders, and 6 patients have declined participation at the point of the consent call, before they were sent a study survey. Of the 17 patients with whom we successfully contacted by phone for a consent interview and who agreed to participate, 6 have returned their completed study questionnaires.

Key Research Accomplishments

- Discussions with prostate cancer patients and their health care providers
- Literature review
- Pilot survey
- Development of survey instruments
- Development of system of identification and recruitment of subjects
- Development of data management system
- Enrollment of prostate cancer patients in the study
- Initiation of data collection

Reportable Outcomes

To date, there are no reportable outcomes for this study.

Conclusions

The past year has been productive and informative for this study. From discussions with the involved parties, literature searches and a pilot study, we have gathered much information, about the decision making process for men newly diagnosed with localized prostate cancer. We decided to change the study instrument from a phone interview to a mailed survey. We have developed study instruments: surveys for patients, their spouses, and their doctors, and determined the most effective and feasible approach to identifying and recruiting subjects at each hospital site. We have developed a data management system for monitoring and recording information about each step of the study protocol. We have begun enrollment of subjects into our study and some subjects have returned completed surveys.

Appendix A: Pilot survey

University of Pennsylvania Prostate cancer decision making questionnaire

We are researchers at the University of Pennsylvania interested in learning about the treatment decision making process of men diagnosed with prostate cancer. Answering the questions below indicates that you are willing to participate in this research.

If you have any questions, please call Andrea Gurmankin at 215 898 9722.

Please check the box that best describes you: I came to HUP urology AFTER being diagnosed with prostate cancer. I was diagnosed with prostate cancer by HUP urology Other (Please explain):
Who first told you about your treatment options for prostate cancer? My primary care doctor/general practitioner The urologist who did my biopsy The urologist who I went to after learning of my prostate cancer diagnosis A friend/acquaintance who knows about prostate cancer Other (Please explain):
When did you first learn about your treatment options for prostate cancer? At the same appointment during which I learned about my biopsy results At the same appointment during which I learned of my abnormal PSA test. From a friend/acquaintance before my biopsy From a friend/acquaintance after I got my biopsy results Other (Please explain):

	Was your spouse or another close family member present when you first learned about your treatment options? Yes No
	Did your urologist recommend that you get a radical prostatectomy? Yes No
	Did you speak to a radiation oncologist before making your decision? Yes No
	If you saw a radiation oncologist, did that doctor recommendation radiation therapy? Yes No I didn't see a radiation oncologist
h	When did you first start seriously thinking about your treatment options and trying to make a treatment decision? When I first got my abnormal PSA test/ abnormal exam / other reason for suspicion that I ad prostate cancer (other than a positive biopsy) When I went to a urologist to get my prostate biopsy After I got my biopsy but before I got the biopsy results When I got my biopsy results After I got my biopsy results (please explain when after you got the results you started minking about your options and trying to make a decision):
C	To the best of your ability, please describe when you made your final decision about which

9. To the best of your ability, please describe when you made your final decision about which treatment option to take. (Here are some sample answers to give you an idea of what we are looking for: At the doctor's appointment when I found out the biopsy results, While talking to my spouse the day after learning the biopsy results, Before getting the biopsy, After talking to a radiation oncologist, my spouse, and others about a week after learning the biopsy results, etc).

(Please explain-continue to the top of the next page for more space):

10. Do you hav ☐ Yes ☐ No	e a spouse?
10a. How much cons ☐ Not at all ☐ A little ☐ Some ☐ A lot	please respond to #10a and #11. In did you and your spouse discuss your treatment options and their pros and t
11. Did you m ☐ On my own ☐ With my s ☐ Other (Ple)	pouse
about your ex	to contact you by phone in the next few weeks to ask you a few more questions aperience. If you do not want us to contact you, please check the appropriate box so okay for us to contact you, please check the appropriate box and provide your number and the best time to call:
My pl	

Appendix B: Patient survey

MEN'S HEALTH CARE DECISION MAKING STUDY

FOR YOU TO COMPLETE

Thank you very much for your help.

Please return in the enclosed envelope.

<u>Instructions:</u>	
This questionnaire asks about your experiences with the diagnosis of prostate canc deciding on a treatment. Your answers will be strictly confidential. It is extremely important that you follow these guidelines when filling out this questionnaire:	er and
1. Please fill it out and return it to us AFTER you have made your prostate cancer treatment decision but BEFORE you have begun treatment for prostate cancer surgery, radiation, seed implants, etc).	j.e.
2. Please fill out this questionnaire without any communication between you and you partner. We are interested in YOUR thoughts, even on the questions that ask all your partner. So please do not get any information or input from your partner filling out the questionnaire.	oout
3. Please answer every question to the best of your ability, even if you are unsure o	your
response. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact Genevieve Fitzgerald at 215 5' Thank you in advance for your participation.	3-7275.
Date you are filling out this questionnaire:/	
Who is your urologist?(Your doctor will never see your r	esponses)
Part A. The first set of questions asks about your treatment decision.	yati da jaka da
Which of the following possible treatments for prostate cancer have you heard of all that you have heard of) Surgery (Radical prostatectomy- procedure where they remove the procedure where	ostate)
Which treatment have you chosen? (check all that apply) ☐ Surgery ☐ Radiation therapy ☐ Watchful waiting ☐ Seed implants ☐ Hormone therapy ☐ Other (Please ex	
Approximately when did you make your final decision about what treatment you get for your prostate cancer? This includes deciding on watchful waiting. (We understand it may be difficult to remember the date, so please just give your best estimate).	

	Iow important were each of the ollowing things in your decision:	Extremely important	Very important	Somewhat important	Slightly important	Not at all important
a)	possibility of impotence (inability to get or maintain an erection)					
b)	possibility of incontinence (trouble controlling your urine)					
c)	risks of anesthesia (the medicine given to patients to put them to sleep during surgery)					
d)	feeling certain that the cancer is completely gone					
e)	keeping my body intact					
f)	avoiding losing my identity as a man					
g)	desire to live as long as possible					
h)	cost of the treatment					
i)	discomfort of the treatment					
j)	time it takes to get the treatment					
k)	how long it takes to recover from the treatment					
1)	"track record" of the treatment					
m)	how quickly the treatment works					
n)	my urologist's opinion					
0)	my primary care doctor's opinion					
p)	my partner's opinion (leave blank if you don't have a partner)					
q)	another family member's opinion (how are you related to this person?):					
r)	opinion of a friend or acquaintance who has or has had prostate cancer					
s)	and the state of t					
t)	other (please explain):					

Now please circle the letter beside the <u>one</u> factor listed **above in question 4** that was the **most important factor** in your treatment decision.

6)	<i>apply)</i> □ S □ S □ S	peak to my doctor Which doctor(s)? peak to friend/acquain peak to prostate cance et information on the	ntance who is a doctor or survivors internet	nary care doctor	Il that ☐ Other
7)	Based on the (Please give	e information you hav a number between 09	e, what do you think you % and 100%).	chance of impote	ence is?
8)	Based on the is (circle on		re, please <u>rate</u> what you th	ink your chance o	5
	Not at all . likely	Slightly likely	Somewhat likely	Very likely	Extremely likely
9)	Based on the	e information you hav a a number between 0	ve, what do you think you % and 100%).	r chance of incont	inence is?
10)	Based on th incontinenc	e information you have is (<i>circle one numbe</i>	ve, please <u>rate</u> what you ther): 3	nink your chance o	5
	Not at all likely	Slightly likely	Somewhat likely	Very likely	Extremely likely
11)	Based on the	e information you have ber between 0% and 1	ve, what do you think you 00%)	r chance of death	is? (Please
12)	Based on the	number):	ve, please <u>rate</u> what you the	hink your chance o	of death is
	Not at all likely	2 Slightly likely	Somewhat likely	Very likely	Extremely likely
13)	Based on the	ne information you ha ber between 0% and i	ve, what do you think you	ur chance of cure i	s? (Please
14)	Based on the (circle one	number):	ve, please <u>rate</u> what you t	hink your chance	of cure is
	Not at all likely	2 Slightly likely	Somewhat likely	Very likely	Extremely likely

Part B. The next questions ask about when you were first diagnosed with prostate cancer. Which doctor did you first speak to about whether you should get a biopsy to look for 1) prostate cancer? ☐ My primary care doctor ☐ A friend/acquaintance who is a doctor ☐ Other (Please explain): ☐ A urologist Why did you have this conversation about getting a biopsy? (Check all that apply) 2) ☐ I had an abnormal PSA test (blood test) ☐ I had an abnormal rectal exam (the doctor felt something suspicious when he felt my prostate) ☐ I had symptoms from my prostate (trouble passing urine, blood in urine, incontinence) ☐ I was concerned about a history of prostate cancer in my family ☐ Other (Please explain): Which doctor did you first speak to about your treatment options for prostate cancer? 3) ☐ A friend/acquaintance who is a doctor ☐ My primary care doctor ☐ Other (please explain): ☐ A urologist When did this conversation occur? 4) ☐ during an appointment or conversation before I got my biopsy results ☐ during the same appointment or conversation in which I got my biopsy results ☐ during an appointment or conversation at some point after I got my biopsy results

5) Was your partner present during this conversation?

☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ I have no partner

☐ Other (please explain):

If the 5	a) When was to options? during during during result	an appointment and appointment and appointment appointment and appointment appointment appointment and appointment appointment and appointment appoint	ersation you ha nt or conversat ointment or co nt or conversat	d with a urologist ion before I got n	about your treatments biopsy results the I got my biopsy after I got my biopsy	ent results
	b) Was your p urologist?		during this co	nversation about to	reatment options w	vith the
Part	about treat	t of questions ment options. ptions, please	If you have n	ot yet spoken to y	ation with your w our urologist abou	rologist
1)	Approximate treatment opt	ly what was the	ne date of your ive your best e	conversation with stimate)	your urologist abo	out your
2)	options? (ple	ase give your	best estimate)	minute		
3)	Would you h (Please circl	ave preferred e a number be	to spend more low)	or less time talkin	g with the urologis	st?
	Much less ·	A little less		ither more or less	A little more	Much more
4)	b) me c) me d) m e) me	ention the option the	on of getting roon of getting son of getting hon of watchful	adiation therapy? eed implants? ormone therapy? waiting?	☐ Yes☐ Yes☐ Yes☐ Yes☐ Yes☐ Yes☐ Yes☐ Yes	□ No □ No □ No □ No □ No
5)	Would you!		more or less in	nformation from th	ne urologist? (Plea	se circle a
	1 Much less	2 A little less		either more nor less	A little more	Much more

6)	If you had any questions for the urologis ☐ I did not have any questions ☐ Yes ☐ No → Why not?:	t, did you feel free to ask your questions?
7)	Did your urologist give you information numbers (for example, "a 2% chance")	about each of the following things using or words (for example, "a very small chance")?
	a) Chance of impotence: ☐ No numbers/only words ☐ Only numbers/no words	☐ Some numbers/some words ☐ No information given about chance of impotence
	b) Chance of incontinence: No numbers/only words Only numbers/no words	☐ Some numbers/some word ☐ No information given about chance of incontinence
	c) Chance of death: No numbers/only words Only numbers/no words	☐ Some numbers/some word ☐ No information given about chance of death
	d) Chance of cure: ☐ No numbers/only words ☐ Only numbers/no words	☐ Some numbers/some words ☐ No information given about chance of cure
8)	Did the urologist recommend a particula	ar treatment to you?
	If yes → a) What was the urologist's treatment re	commendation?
	b) How strong was the urologist's recon	nmendation? (circle one number)
	1 2 Not at all Slightly strong strong	3 4 5 Somewhat Very Extremely strong strong
9)	Did you want the urologist to provide a	recommendation? □ Yes □ No
	Please explain why you did or did not v	vant the urologist to provide a recommendation:

10)	Did the urologist suggest t	hat you speal	c to a radiatio	n oncologist?	Yes	□ No	
11)	Did you speak with a radiation oncologist? ☐ Yes ☐ No						
12)	Did you get a second opin	ion from ano	ther urologist	? 🗆 Ye	es 🗆 🗅	No	
13)	treatment was made? ☐ My urologist made the final decision ☐ My urologist made the final decision after seriously considering my opinion ☐ My urologist and I shared responsibility for the final decision. ☐ I made the final decision after seriously considering my urologist's opinion. ☐ I made the final decision on the basis of the facts I learned from my urologist and elsewhere, without considering my doctor's opinion.						
Part I	Part D. The next questions ask about your thoughts about different treatments and side effects.						
1) How concerned are you about experiencing: Extremely very Somewhat concerned concerned concerned concerned							
a) incontinence (trouble controlling your urine)							
b) impotence (trouble getting or maintaining an erection)							
me put	s of anesthesia (the dicine given to patients to them to sleep during gery)						
Which treatment do you think has the best chance of cure for you? ☐ Surgery ☐ Radiation therapy ☐ Hormone therapy ☐ Watchful waiting ☐ Seed implants ☐ I don't know ☐ They all have the same chance of cure							
	□ Watchful waiting	ng 🗆 Seed i	implants		lon't know		

Please continue to the next page \rightarrow

Part E. Next we ask about what you think YOUR PARTNER thinks about different treatment options. We also ask about the discussions you two had about your options. If you do not have a partner, skip to Part F. Please remember to respond without input from your partner.

thin	v concerned <u>do you</u> nk your partner is out you experiencing:	Extremely concerned	Very concerned	Somewhat concerned	Slightly concerned	Not at all concerned		
a) inco	ontinence (trouble trolling your urine)?							
b) imp inab	otence (which is the bility to attain or an erection)?							
c) the med	risks of anesthesia (the dicine that they give to lents to put them to ep during the surgery)?							
2)	Which treatment do you Surgery Watchful wa I don't know They all have Which treatment do you effects? Surgery Watchful wa	☐ Radi iting ☐ Seed what my part the the same cha think your p ☐ Rad atting ☐ Seed what my part	k your partner thinks has the best chance of cure for Radiation therapy					
4)	If it had been up to you for you? ☐ Surgery ☐ Watchful wa ☐ I don't know ☐ Other (please	☐ Rad aiting ☐ See v what my par se explain):	iation therapy d implants tner would ha	y 🔲	Hormone ther			
5)	How does your partner Insisted that Supported the light of the light	t I get it he decision w how my part	☐ Opposed ☐ Insisted t	hat was chose the decision hat I not get i				

6)	number below,		ner discuss your treatment	options? (please c	ircle a
	1 Never	Seldom	Now and then	Quite often	Very often
	Would you have p (please circle a nu		your treatment options wi	th your partner mo	ore or less?
	Much less	A little Neither more A little less nor less more "never" to question 6, skip to question 11. Otherwise, continue to		5 Much more	
<i>If y</i> 8.	ou responded "ne	ver" to question 6,	, skip to question 11. Oth	erwise, continue te	question
8)	When you had ☐ Me		about treatment options, wer We both initiated	who initiated them? some of the discu	ssions.
8)	How satisfied	were you with tho	se discussions? (please cir	cle a number belo	w)
	Very dissatisfied	2 Somewhat dissatisfied	3 Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	4 Somewhat satisfied	Very satisfied
10)	How often did which treatme	I you and your part on to choose? (please)	ner get into a disagreemen ase circle a number below)	t or conflict over t	he issue of
	Never	2 Seldom	Now and then	4 Quite often	5 Very often
11)	How strongly decision? (circ	did you want your cle a number belov	partner's opinion to be fa	ctored into your tre	eatment
	1 Not at all	2 A little	3 Somewhat	4 Very	5 Extremely

Please continue to the next page \rightarrow

The following statements focus on the way your partner deals with the fact that you have prostate cancer. Please indicate to what extent your partner does or does not act in the

ways described.

ways described.	Never	Seldom	Now and then	Quite often	Very often
12) month on thing to discuss it with					
12) my partner tries to discuss it with me openly					П
13) my partner asks me how I feel					
14) when something bothers me, my partner tries to discuss the problem					
15) my partner is full of understanding towards me					
16) my partner makes me feel that I'm not alone in this					
17) my partner tries to persuade me to follow the doctor's instructions				. 🗖	
18) my partner tries to hide his or her worries about me					
19) my partner tries to act as if nothing is the matter					
20) my partner gives in when I make an issue of something					
21) my partner just waves my worries aside					
22) my partner does everything to prevent me from thinking about my disease					
23) my partner can't endure me being concerned and acts as if she doesn't notice my worries					
24) my partner takes over as much of my work as possible					

Part F. This set of questions asks about your feelings of conflict over your prostate cancer treatment decision. The statements below are things that some people say when they have just made a difficult decision. Thinking about decision, please check the box that best matches how much you agree with each statement.

	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
I feel I have made an informed choice					
2) My decision shows what is most important for me.					
3) I expect to stick to my decision.					
4) I am satisfied with my decision.					
5) This decision was hard for me to make					
6) I was unsure what to do in this decision					
7) It was clear what choice was best for me					
8) I am aware of the choices I have to manage my prostate cancer					
9) I feel I know the benefits of the treatments for prostate cancer.					
10) I feel I know the risks and side effects of treatment for prostate cancer.					
11) I need more advice and information about the choices.					
12) I know how important the benefits of the treatment for prostate cancer are to me in this decision.					
13) I felt pressure from others in making this decision.					
14) I had the right amount of support from others in making this decision.					

Part	G. The next questions ask about your background.
1)	What is your age? years
2)	What is your race? ☐ African-American ☐ Caucasian ☐ Hispanic ☐ Asian-American ☐ Other (please specify)
3)	What level of education have you completed? (Circle one number) 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21+ high school college graduate school
4)	Which of the following conditions have you had in the past 12 months? (check all that apply) high blood pressure
5)	Are you currently experiencing impotence? ☐ Yes ☐ No
6)	Are you currently experiencing incontinence? ☐ Yes ☐ No
7)	Do you currently have health insurance? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure
	 7a) If yes ➤ please check the type of plan that best describes your current health insurance: ☐ Fee-for-service plan where you can go to any doctor or hospital ☐ HMO where your primary care doctor refers you to specialists ☐ PPO where you can go to any doctor or hospital on a list without getting a referral ☐ I don't know which type of plan I have

Part H. This section asks about your relationship with your partner. If you do not have a partner, skip to Part I.

Most people have some disagreements in their relationships. Below is a series of issues. We'd like you to tell us of any disagreement experienced between you and your partner over each of these issues in a typical month (this past month may not have been typical for you, since you were just diagnosed with prostate cancer). So for each issue, please tell us in

	a typical month, partner and I have	Always agreed	Almos always agreed	Occas	ionally reed	Frequently disagreed	alv	nost vays greed	Always disagreed
1)	religious matters				3]		
2)	demonstration of affection						[
3)	sex relations								
4)	conventionality (correct or proper behavior)								
5)	making major decisions			1			I	_	
6)	career decisions								
How often do you and your partner do the following things:		All the time	Most of the time	More often than no	t Occasion	ally	Rarel	y Never	
7)	discuss or consider divorce, separation terminating your relationship?				Ĺ				
8)	regret that you mar	ried?		П	П	П			П

1	ner do the following	All the time	Most of the time	often than not	Occasionally	asionally Rarely	
7)	discuss or consider divorce, separation, or terminating your relationship?						
8)	regret that you married?						
9)	quarrel?						
10)	"get on each other's nerves?"						

	Every day	Almost every day	Occasionally	Rarely	Never
11) How often do you and your partner engage in outside interests together?		Ö			

Below are some things that you and your partner might do. Please tell us how often you think they occur between you and your partner.

	line, seem seems,	More than once a day	Once a day	Once or twice a week	Once or twice a month	Less than once a month	Never
12)	Have a stimulating exchange of ideas						
13)	Calmly discuss something						
14)	Work together on a project						

15)	How often does	your partner go with 2 Once in a while	you to your doctors 3 Sometimes	' appointments? 4 Frequently	5 Always				
16)	How long have y	ou and your partner	been together?	years					

Part I. This last section asks about your quality of life.

During the past four weeks how much of the time	All of the time	Most of the time	A good bit of the time	Some of the time	A little of the time	None of the time
1) Have you been concerned or worried about loss of muscle tone?						
2) Did you have negative feelings about the way your body looks?						
3) Did you avoid being seen without a shirt on?						
4) Did you feel that your body was getting soft and flabby?						
5) Were you concerned or worried about difficulty getting or keeping an erection?						
6) Did you wish you could regain your sexual ability?						
7) Did you feel frustrated about your sexual ability?						
8) Did you feel despair over the loss of sexual ability?						

Skip to question 15 if you do not have a partner Neither How true or false has each of the **Definitely** Mostly **Definitely** Mostly true no following statements been for you during false false true true false the past four weeks? 9) I felt uncomfortable when my partner wanted to hug or kiss me. 10) I felt affectionate about my partner. 11) I felt that my partner was not satisfied with our sex life. 12) I felt that my partner may want to turn to \Box others for affection. 13) My partner was worried about my 14) I worked hard to keep my partner from worrying about my health. Neither How true or false has each of the **Definitely** Mostly Mostly **Definitely** true no following statements been for you during false false true true false the past four weeks? 15) Since I've had cancer I feel that I have lost my ability to be aggressive. 16) I feel that I've lost part of my manhood. 17) I feel as if I'm going through a "change of life" like women do. 18) I feel that what I say is not taken very seriously by others. A little A good Most All of None of During the past four weeks how Some of of the of the bit of the the the time the time time time time much of the time ... time 19) Did you feel that your cancer kept you from being the friend you wanted to be? 20) Did you feel that other people don't really understand what it's like to have prostate cancer? \Box 21) Did you feel that you were a bother to other people? 22) Did you worry about eventually becoming unable to take care of vourself? 23) Did you worry about your cancer,

but keep it to yourself?

4 / 1

24) Did you feel that others who are close to you try to hide their true feelings about your cancer?								
25) Did you feel that others think less of you because of your health problems?								
26). Have you felt weak and small?								
27) Have you worried about the cancer spreading?								
28) Have you thought about your cancer?								
29) Have you worried about dying soon?		l						
30) Have you been concerned about side-effects of your cancer treatment?		1						
31) Have you felt that your cancer has given you a better outlook on your life?								
32) Have you felt that coping with your cancer has made you a stronger person?		1						
33) Have you wished that you could change your mind about the kind of treatment you chose for your prostate cancer?]						
prostate cancer.	<u></u>							
How true or false has each of the following statements been for you during the past four weeks?			finitely true	Mostly true	tru	either ie nor alse	Mostly false	Definitely false
34) I feel that I would be better off if I had chosen another treatment for prostate cancer.								
35) It bothers me that other men with prostate cancer get treatment that is very different from what I will rece	ive.							

Thank you for your participation. Please mail the completed survey in the enclosed, stamped, addressed envelope.

Appendix C: Partner survey

MEN'S HEALTH CARE DECISION MAKING STUDY

FOR YOUR PARTNER TO COMPLETE

Thank you very much for your help.

Please return in the enclosed envelope.

	<u>Instructions</u> :	
pros conf ques	questionnaire asks about your experiences with your spouse or partner's diagnosis of ate cancer and deciding on a treatment. Your answers will be kept strictly dential. It is extremely important that you follow these guidelines when filling out this ionnaire:	The second secon
m	ase fill it out and return it to us AFTER your partner's treatment decision has been de but BEFORE your partner has begun or undergone treatment for prostate cancer e. surgery, radiation, seed implants, etc).	STATE STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE
p Y	ease fill out this questionnaire without any communication between you and your rtner. We are interested in YOUR thoughts, even on the questions that ask about ur partner. So please do not get any information or input from your spouse while ling out the questionnaire.	
	ease answer every question to the best of your ability, even if you are unsure of your sponse.	
Tf v	u have any questions, please feel free to contact Genevieve Fitzgerald at 215-573-7275. nk you in advance for your participation.	
Dat	you are filling out this questionnaire:/	
1)	Which of the following possible treatments for prostate cancer have you heard of (check all	
	hat you have heard of)? ☐ Surgery (Radical prostatectomy- procedure where they remove the prostate) ☐ Radiation therapy	
	☐ Seed implants (Brachytherapy)	
	 ☐ Hormone therapy ☐ Watchful waiting (No treatment, but getting regular blood tests to check on the status of the cancer) 	
2)	Based on the information you have, what do you think your partner's chance of impotence is? (Please give a number between 0% and 100%).	
3)	Based on the information you have, please <u>rate</u> what you think your partner's chance of impotence is (<i>circle one number</i>): 1 2 3 4 Extremely	5
	Not at all Slightly Somewhat Very likely likely likely likely	
4)	Based on the information you have, what do you think your partner's chance of incontinence is? (Please give a number between 0% and 100%).	

5)	Based on the information you have, please <u>rate</u> what you think your partner's chance of incontinence is (<i>circle one number</i>):							
	l Not at all likely	Slightly likely	Somewhat likely	Very likely	Extremely likely			
Based on the information you have, what do you think your partner's chance of a (Please give a number between 0% and 100%).								
7)	death is (cir	e information yo	ou have, please <u>rate</u> what you	ou think your partner	s chance of			
		2		COMPANY TO STATE OF THE STATE O	Extremely			
	Not at all	Slightly	Somewhat	Very likely	likely			
	likely	likely	likely	nkery	interj			
8)	(Please give	e a number betw	ou have, what do you think neen 0% and 100%).					
9)		te information yearle one number):	ou have, please <u>rate</u> what you	ou think your partner	's chance of			
	Not at all	Z Slightly	Somewhat	Very	Extremely			
	Not at all likely	likely	likely	likely	likely			
	ir possible side	effects	R thoughts about differen					
10)	How conce controlling		out your partner experienci		_			
		 □ Extremely concerned □ Slightly concerned □ Not at all concerned 						
11)	How conce	erned are you ab attain or mainta	out your partner experiencining or an erection)?					
	☐ Extrem	ely concerned	☐ Very concerned	☐ Somewhat of	concerned			
	☐ Slightly	concerned	☐ Not at all concerned					
12)	medicine the	hat they give to	out your partner experienci patients to put them to sleep	ng the risks of anesth during the surgery o	esia (the luring which			
	☐ Extrem	ve the prostate)? ely concerned vy concerned	☐ Very concerned☐ Not at all concerned	☐ Somewhat	concerned			
13)			nink has the best chance of o	cure for your partner?) nerany			
		Surgery	☐ Radiation therapy	☐ I don't kno				
	니	They all have the	ng ☐ Seed implants ne same chance of cure	L I don't kno	**			
		They all have u	to putite offution of early					

14)	Which treatment do you this ☐ Surgery ☐ Watchful waiting ☐ They all have the	☐ Radiation therapy	☐ Hormone therapy ☐ I don't know				
15)	☐ Surgery ☐ R	ich treatment would you adiation therapy ormone therapy	have chosen for your partner? ☐ Watchful waiting ☐ Other (please explain):				
differ	tions 16-20 ask about your tent treatments and possible your partner.	houghts about what yo side effects. <i>Please ret</i>	ur PARTNER thinks about nember to respond without input				
16)	How concerned do you thin	nk your partner is abou	at experiencing incontinence (which is				
	trouble controlling his uring ☐ Extremely concerned ☐ Slightly concerned	e)?	☐ Somewhat concerned				
17)	How concerned do you thin inability to attain or mainta ☐ Extremely concerned ☐ Slightly concerned	nk your partner is about in an erection)? Very concerned Not at all concerned	at experiencing impotence (which is ☐ Somewhat concerned Ed ☐ I don't know				
18)	How concerned do you thi (the medicine that they give which they remove the pro- Extremely concerned Slightly concerned	e to patients to put them state)?	to sleep during the risks of anesthesia to sleep during the surgery during Somewhat concerned I don't know				
19)	Which treatment do you think your partner thinks has the best chance of cure for him? ☐ Surgery ☐ Radiation therapy ☐ Hormone therapy ☐ Watchful waiting ☐ Seed implants ☐ I don't know ☐ They all have the same chance of cure						
20)	effects?	Radiation therapy Seed implants	s has the best chance of avoiding side ☐ Hormone therapy ☐ I don't know				

.

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	How often did you and your partner discuss his treatment options? (please circle a number below)								
	l Never	Seldom	No	w and then	Quite often		Very often		
22)	Would you have preferred to discuss your treatment options more or less? (please circle a number below)								
	1 Much less	A little less		3 ther more or less	A little more		Much more		
If you 23.	u responded "n	ever" to question 2.	l, skip to qı	uestion 26.	Otherwise, c	ontinue to	o question		
23)	When you ha ☐ Me	d these discussions My partner	about treati ☐ We	ment options both initiat	s, who initiat ed some of the	ed them? he discuss	ions.		
24)	How satisfied were you with those discussions? (please 1 2 3 Very Somewhat Neither satisfied			circle a number below) 4 5 Somewhat Very satisfied satisfied					
	dissatisfied	dissatisfied	nor dis	satisfied	satist	satisfied			
		TATA COMMAND TO SERVICE AND SERVICE AND SERVICE ASSESSED.	Printed in the contract of the	1 4		- -	Very often		
The pros	Never following state tate cancer. Pl	Seldom ments focus on the ease indicate to wh	way you d	w and then leal with the	e fact that yo	often our partn he ways d	Very often er has escribed.		
The pros	following state	ments focus on the	way you d	leal with the	e fact that yo	our partn	er has		
pros 26) I	following state tate cancer. Pla try to discuss it	ments focus on the	way you d at extent y	leal with the	e fact that yo not act in the Now and	our partn he ways d Quite	er has escribed.		
26) I	following state tate cancer. Pl	ments focus on the ease indicate to wh with my partner	way you d at extent y Never	eal with the	e fact that you not act in the	our partn he ways d Quite often	er has escribed.		
26) I 27) I 28) W	following state tate cancer. Plants to discuss it openly	ments focus on the ease indicate to whe with my partner how he feels	way you dat extent y	leal with the ou do or do	e fact that yo not act in the Now and then	Our partn he ways d Quite often	er has escribed. Very often		
26) I 27) I 28) W I 29) I	try to discuss it openly ask my partner when something partner, I try to do to broblem am full of under my partner	ments focus on the ease indicate to whe with my partner how he feels bothers my discuss the	way you dat extent y	Seldom	e fact that yo not act in the not ac	Quite often	er has escribed. Very often		
26) I 27) I 28) W I 29) I 30) I	try to discuss it openly ask my partner when something partner, I try to do to broblem am full of under my partner	ments focus on the ease indicate to whe with my partner how he feels bothers my discuss the rstanding towards er feel that he is	way you dat extent y	Seldom	e fact that yo not act in the not ac	Quite often	er has escribed. Very often		
26) I 27) I 28) V I 29) I 30) I 31) I	try to discuss it openly ask my partner when something partner, I try to do or oblem am full of underny partner make my partner make my partner not alone in this try to persuade	ments focus on the ease indicate to whe with my partner how he feels bothers my discuss the rstanding towards er feel that he is	way you dat extent y	Seldom	Now and then	Quite often	er has escribed. Very often		

	10 11 1			1		1		
	y to act as if nothing is the atter							
34) I gi	ive in when my partner makes an							
35) I ju	st wave my partner's worries							
	ide				-			
pa	o everything to prevent my rtner from thinking about his sease							
co	an't endure my partner being encerned and act as if I do not otice my partner's worries.							
38) I ta	ake over as much of my partner's ork as possible.							
39)	decision? (Circle a number below)							
	Not at all A little	So	mewhat	Very		Extremely		
40)	How satisfied are you with the in diagnosis and treatment options? Very Somewhat dissatisfied	? (Circle a i Neithe	you have ab number belo 3 r satisfied ssatisfied	w)	4 what	ate cancer S Very satisfied		
This	last section asks a few questions	about you.						
41)	What is your age? yea	ars						
42)	What is your race? ☐ African-American ☐ Caucasian ☐ Hispanic ☐ Asian-American ☐ Other (please specify)							
43)	What level of education have you completed? (Circle a number below) 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21+ high school college graduate school							
	Thank you for your par in the enclose	ticipation. d, stamped	Please mail	the comple	ted survey			

Appendix D: Physician survey

Date/ Patient name							
Please fill out after telling patient of his positive prostate biopsy and his treatment options.							
1) Did you recommend a particular treatment to the patient? Yes No (If no, skip to #4)							
2) What was the recommendation (check all that apply)? ☐ Radical prostatectomy ☐ Radiation therapy ☐ Brachytherapy ☐ Watchful waiting ☐ Other (Please explain):							
3) How strong was your recommend. ☐ Not at all ☐ Slightly strong strong	dation for this treatment option? (c. Somewhat Strong			_ voi		Extremely strong	
4) Do you think the patient asked al	l of the quest	ions that	he had?	□ Ye	es	□ No	
5) Did you suggest that the patient s				□ Ye	es	□ No	
6) How concerned do you think this patient is about:	Extremely	Very	Somewhat	Slightly	Not at all	I don't know	
Impotence							
Incontinence							
Risks of anesthesia							
7) Did you give the patient information about each of the following things using numbers (for example, "a 2% chance") or words (for example, "a very small chance")? a) Chance of impotence (check one option) No numbers, Some numbers, Only numbers, only words some words no words Chance of impotence							
b) Chance of incontinence (circle No numbers, only words Some num some work	nbers, L	Only nu no wor	,	□ No infor	rmation g of incont	iven about inence	
c) Chance of death (circle one op on the sound of the sound only words) c) Chance of death (circle one op op one one op one on the sound one op op one op op op one op	nbers, L	on) ers,		☐ No information given at chance of death		given about	
d) Chance of cure (circle one optomore) No numbers, Some numbers only words Some words	nbers, I	☐ Only numbers, no words			ormation a	given about	
8) Which best describes how the patient's treatment decision was made? ☐ I made the final decision ☐ I made the final decision after seriously considering the patient's opinion ☐ The patient and I shared responsibility for the final decision. ☐ The patient made the final decision after seriously considering my opinion. ☐ The patient made the final decision on the basis of the facts he learned from me and elsewhere, without considering my opinion. ☐ I don't know (because the patient made the decision with another doctor)							

Appendix E: Patient information letter

Dear Sir.

We are writing to inform you of a study we are conducting a study to learn about patient decision making. The study involves a survey that we will mail to your home, with a stamped addressed envelope for you to return the survey to us.

We would like to ask you if you are willing to participate in our study. If you have a spouse or live-in partner, we would like that individual to fill out a survey as well. It is very important to us to get as many participants as possible. Your participation in this study is a unique opportunity for you to contribute important information that may help doctors to better assist future patients in making difficult decisions.

We will send you a survey in the next 2 months. If you do NOT wish to participate, please call Genevieve Fitzgerald at 215 573 7275. Choosing not to participate will not affect your medical care at the Veteran's Affairs Medical Center in any way. Feel free to also call this number if you have any questions about the study.

Thank you in advance for your participation.

Sincerely,

Bruce Malkowicz, MD Department of Urology Katrina Armstrong, MD
Department of Medicine